







#### Kenya Meteorological Department P.O. Box 30259-00100

#### MACHAKOS COUNTY

#### Dominicrobert7@gmail.com

# ADVISORIES FOR THE OCTOBER-NOVEMBER-DECEMBER (OND 2023) RAIN SEASON

### Contents

1	Ol	ND 20	023 Seasonal Weather Forecast	2
	1.1	Hig	hlights	2
	1.2	-	tober –December Seasonal Rainfall forecast vs Long Term Mean Amount	
	1.3	ON	D 2023 Seasonal Forecasts by Ward/AEZ	4
	1.4	Red	commendations	5
2	Ag	gro-W	eather Advisories	5
	2.1	Ge	neral Responsibilities	5
	2.2	Ge	neral Farm Activities	5
	2.3	Wł	nen to Plant	5
	2.4	2.4 Specific agro-weather Advisories for the Upper zones		6
	2.4	4.1	Crops and Varieties to plant	6
	2.4	4.2	Fodder Crops	
	2.4	4.3	Expected Hazards	
		4.4	Energy	
		4.5	Measures for water conservation	
	2.5		ecific agro-weather Advisories for the Middle zones	
		5.1	Crops and Varieties to plant	
		5.2	Interventions	
	2.6	-	ecific agro-weather Advisories for the Lower zones	
		6.1	Crops and Varieties to plant	
		6.2	PASTURES	
2		6.3 	Interventions	
3	-		advisories for Livestock farmers	
4			ies for Other Livelihood Sectors	
5	M	achak	os County Wards Map	11
6	How to get Weather Updates			11

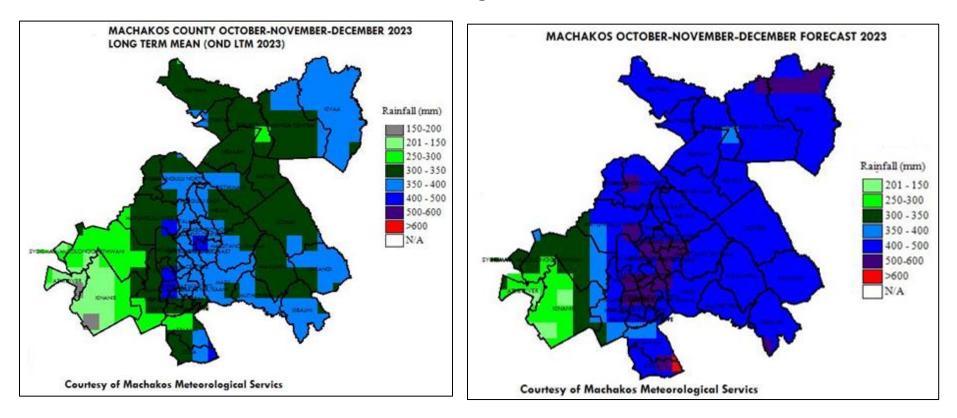
## 1 OND 2023 Seasonal Weather Forecast

## 1.1 Highlights

The OND 2023 rainy season is expected to be above normal with an early onset (Mid-October), late cessation (going into January 2024) and good distribution both in time and space. The reasons for above normal rainfall and early onset are:

- a) Higher than normal sea surface temperatures in the Equatorial Central and Eastern Pacific Ocean (El-Nino conditions) and;
- b) Higher than normal sea surface temperatures (SSTs) in the Western Indian Ocean adjacent to East Africa (Positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD)).

#### 1.2 October – December Seasonal Rainfall forecast vs Long Term Mean Amount



# 1.3 OND 2023 Seasonal Forecasts by Ward/AEZ

SNO	Sub county	Ward/	Seasonal Amo	unt in mm	Probable onset	Probable Cessation
			Normal (Long Forecast for		dates	dates
		climatic zone	term mean 1991-2020)	OND 2023		
1	Masinga	Ndithini	300-350	400-500	Between	Between
		Muthesya	300-350	400-500		
		Kivaa	300-350	400-600	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{th}$ January
		Masinga Central	250-350	400-500		
		Ekalakala	300-350	<mark>350-500</mark>		2024
2	Yatta	Ndalani	300-350	400-500	Between	Between
		Kithimani	350-400	400-500		4
		Matuu	300-350	400-500	$15 - 28^{\text{th}} \text{ Oct } 2023$	1 –14 <sup>th</sup> January
		Ikombe	300-350	400-500	_	
		Katangi	300-350	400-500		2024
3	Mwala	Kibauni	300-400	400-500	Between	Between
		Wamunyu	300-350	400-500		a sith a
		Mwala Makutano	300-400	400-500	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{th}$ January
		Mbiuni	300-400	400-500	_	202 /
		Masii	300-400	400-500	-	2024
4	Machakos	Muthetheni Kola	300-350	400-500	Between	Between
4	Machakos		300-500	400-600	Between	Detween
		Kalama	250-350	400-500	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	1 – 14 <sup>th</sup> January
		Muvuti/ Kiima Kimwe	250-300	400-500	- 15 - 28 Oct 2025	I – I4 January
		Machakos central	300-350	400-500		2024
		Mua	300-350	400-500		2024
		Mumbuni North	300-350	400-500		
		Mutituni	300-350	400-500		
5	Mavoko	Kinanie	150-300	200-300	Between	Between
		Athi River	150-250	200-300		
		Mlolongo	200-350	200-300	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{th}$ January
		Syokimau	200-300	200-300		2024
		Muthwani	250-300	300-400		2024
6	Matungulu	Matungulu West	250-300	400-500	Between	Between
		Matungulu East	300-350	400-500		
		Matungulu North	300-350	400-500	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{\text{th}}$ January
		Kyeleni	300-350	400-500		2024
		Tala	300-400	400-500		2024
7	Kathiani	Kathiani Central	350-400	400-500		
		Upper Kaewa	300-400	400-500	Between	Between
		Lower Kaewa	300-350	400-500	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{\text{th}}$ January
		Mitaboni	300-350	400-500	1	2024
8	Kangundo	Kangundo Central	350-400	400-500	Between	Between
	Ĩ	Kangundo East	300-350	400-500	1	
		Kangundo West	350-400	400-500	15 - 28 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	$1-14^{th}$ January
		Kangundo North	350-400	400-500	1	
		Bundo I (of th		100 000		2024

#### **1.4 Recommendations**

- i) Choosing the right crops to plant:
  - To minimize risks, choose the crops whose seasonal Crop Water requirement within the lower limit value of the predicted range
- ii) Onset dates
  - The onset dates predicted in this seasonal forecast should be used in conjunction with weekly weather updates which are more accurate.

### 2 Agro-Weather Advisories

#### 2.1 General Responsibilities

- Farmers to implement the advisories
- Agricultural Officers to advise farmers
- Input suppliers to ensure inputs are available on time
- Community Extension Volunteers to advise farmers
- Kenya Met. Department to provide weather updates (weekly, other alerts)
- Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries development
- Insurance companies

#### 2.2 General Farm Activities

- Early land preparation: before 18<sup>th</sup> October 2023
- Repair of soil and water conservation structures: Terraces, Zai Pits, Basins
- Repair of water storage structures: De-silting of farm ponds, weirs, water tanks, water pans, Gutters
- Practices: Conversation Agriculture (CA): Ripping, Planting stations.
- Pre-germination (seed soaking); Seed preparation
- Scale up manure and fertilizer application (basal & top dressing)
- Timely weed control
- Timely and proper pests and disease control.
- Proper spacing of crops
- Plant ecologically suitable certified seeds as indicated above
- Pitting for fruits and forest Trees

#### 2.3 When to Plant

• Dry or Wet Plant when the **weekly weather forecast** indicates enough rainfall from the **15<sup>th</sup> October 2023**.

#### 2.4 Specific agro-weather Advisories for the Upper zones

Croj	ps to plant	Masinga ward	Muthesya Ward	Kola Ward
		Probable OND 2023 amount:	Probable OND	Probable OND 2023 amount: >600mm
		400-500 mm	2023 amount:	
			400-500 mm	
1.	Maize	SC DUMA, DK8031, DK8033, PIONEER Series, Panner 3M.	Same crops	, DH04, DUMA 43,Sungura F, Kishindo, Harak 301, Duma series, PIONEER 3253, PIONEER P28 and DK8031/8033,KISHINDO, SAWA.
2.	Beans	KatB1, GLP 92, KatX56, Kat B9, Locals, KatX69, Nyota,	Same crops	KATX56,KAT B1, KAT X69, NYOTA, MWITEMANIA, GLP92, GLP1004, FAIDA, ANGAZA
3.	Cow Peas	K80, M66, Locals Ken Kunde, Kunde mboga, Kunde Tamu, Kunde Soko	Same crops	K80, KV-27, M66, LOCALS, KEN KUNDE, KUNDE MBOGA, KUNDE TAMU, KUNDE SOKO, KUNDE FAULU
4.	Pigeon peas	ICEAP 00936, ICEAP 00554	Same crops	ICEAP00936, MBAAZI 1, MBAAZI 2, LOCALS, KAT60,"MPESA",SHORT DURATION P/P, ICEAP-01662
5.	Dolichos	DL 1002, DL 1009	Same crops	DL/002, DL1009
6.	Cassava	KME 1, Mucericeri, KME 61, Red Stemmed Varieties, Local Varieties	Same crops	KMEI,MUCERICERI, KMW61, RED STEMMED VARIETY, LOCALS
7.	Sweet Potatoes	Local Variety, KSP 20, Kemp 10, SPK 004	Same crops	KSP20, KEMP10, SPK004, LOCALS, IRENE
8.	Sorghum	Gaddam, Serena, Seredo, Kari Mtama 1, Macia, Sila	Same crops	GADAM, SERENA, SEREDO, KARI MTAMA1, MACIA, SILA
9.	Millets	Finger millet, Pearl Millet	Same crops	FINGER MILLET, PEAR MILLET, PROSSC MILLET
10.	Green Grams	N26, KS20, Biashara, Karembo, Tosha	Same crops	Same crops

#### 2.4.1 Crops and Varieties to plant

#### 2.4.2 Fodder Crops

• Bracharia, Napier grass, Sugar grass, Boma rods, Mbwea (Gin grass)

#### 2.4.3 Expected Hazards

Mud slides, drowning, degraded infrastructure, disease outbreak eg. dierrhoea, kipindupindu, increased water borne diseases, logging of trees, flooding of rivers and streams to disrupt schooling of children leading to increased cost due long distances to schools, interference with exam schedules, increased cost of control and treatment of diseases in the counties.

#### 2.4.4 Energy

- Falling of poles
- Common black outs
- Increased cost of energy infrastructure repair.

- Trade, Industry and Finance
- Poor access to goods and services
- Increased cost of goods and services

#### 2.4.5 Measures for water conservation

- Terracing
- Farm yard manure application
- Water ponds
- Water pans
- Mulching
- Roof water harvesting
- Ripping

- Contour farming/Layout
- Timely weed control
- Proper spacing of crops
- Timely and proper pest and disease control
- Pitting for fruits and forest tree
- Planting of cover crops such as pumpkins and sweet potatoes.

#### 2.5 Specific agro-weather Advisories for the Middle zones

#### 2.5.1 Crops and Varieties to plant

Crops	s to plant	Wards:(Ndithini,masinga central,ndalani,kathianicentral,kangundo east,kangundo central)				
		Probable OND 2023 amount: 400-500 mm				
1. 1	Maize	SC DUMA, DK8031, DK8033, PIONEER Series, Panner 3M.				
2.	Beans	KATB1, NYOTA FAIDA, KATB9, KATX56, ROSECOCO (GLP2), KATX69				
3. (	Cow Peas	M66, K80, KUNDE MBOGA, KEN KUNDE, KUNDE SOKO, KUNDE TAMU				
4. ]	Pigeon peas	KAT 6/8, MPESA, LOCALS, , ICEAP 00936				
5.	Dolichos	DL 1002, DL 1009				
6. (	Cassava	RED STEMMED CASSAVA, LOCALS				
7. 3	Sweet	LOCAL VARIETY, KSP 20				
]	Potatoes					
8.	Pumpkins	LOCAL VARIETY				

#### 2.5.2 Interventions

Sector	Impact	Hazards/Risks	Opportunity	Intervention/Action plan
Water	Plenty of water for	● Floods	Water harvesting	Installation of water harvesting
	harvesting	<ul> <li>Mudslides</li> </ul>		structures eg. Water tanks, farms
		● Drowning		ponds and on farm reservoirs
Health	Increased food security	<ul> <li>Water borne diseases</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved nutrition</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase public health awareness on</li> </ul>
Sector		<ul> <li>Destruction of pit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved income</li> </ul>	water borne diseases
		latrines	levels	<ul> <li>Sanitation and landscaping eg.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>High standards of</li> </ul>	Cutting long grass around
			living	homesteads
Transport/	Poor transport and	<ul> <li>Accidents</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Road water</li> </ul>	Public awareness
Communic	communication		harvesting	<ul> <li>Diverting of natural water ways</li> </ul>
ation	network	<ul> <li>Road traffic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Road maintenance</li> </ul>	•Clearing of trees along power lines
		<ul> <li>Sweeping away of</li> </ul>	by casuals creating	
		bridges	employment	
		• Disruption of power lines	opportunities	
Education	Disruption of learning	<ul> <li>Poor performance</li> </ul>	Improved health and	•Early warning and preparedness
	process due to flooded	● Drowning	nutrition	Public awareness
	rivers and broken	<ul> <li>Destruction of</li> </ul>		
	bridges	infrastructure eg. Classes		
Trade	Reduced food prices	Possible disease outbreak	Export of food	Explore food preservation techniques
		in case of poor storage	commodities	
			<ul> <li>Increased trade</li> </ul>	

### 2.6 Specific agro-weather Advisories for the Lower zones

#### 2.6.1 Crops and Varieties to plant

Crops to plant	Wards:matuu,ikombe Probable OND 2023 amount: 350-400 mm	Wards: Katangi,kibauni,kyeleni,kithimani,Mua,Matungulu north,matuu,ekalakala, Probable OND 2023 amount: Amount: 400-500 mm
1. Maize	DK8031, DUMA43, HARAKA, SUNGURA, DH02, KDV4, LOCAL (KINYANYA), DH04	Same Crops
2. Beans	MWEZI MOJA, WAIRIMU, KAT/B1, KAT/B-9, NYOTA, KITUI (KAT-BX56)	Same Crops
3. Cow Peas	Plant this varieties K80, M66, KVU-419, , KVU-27-1, Locals, KUNDE FAULU, KUNDE SOKO, KUNDE TAMU	Same Crops
4. Pigeon peas	MPESA, MBAAZI 1, MBAAZI 2, KAT 60/8, Local variety.	Same Crops
5. Dolichos LAB LAB	DL 1002, DL 1009)	Same Crops
6. Cassava	KME-1, KME-2, KME-3, KIBANDA MENO, Mucericeri, Local (KITWA)	Same Crops
7. Sweet Potatoes	Locals, KSP-20, Kemp-10, Kemp-20, SPK 004	Same Crops
8. Green grams	N26, KS20, Biashara, Karemboab, NdenguTosha	Same Crops
9. Sorghum	Gadam, Kari Mtama 1, Seredo, Sarena, KARI Mtama 2, SMILE, Sila, Local variety (kivila kya ivui)	Same Crops
10. Millets (F- Millet/P-Millet)	Pearl millet (Mwee) – KAT/PM-1, KAT/PM- 2, KAT/PM-3 Finger Millet (Uimbi) – KAT/FM-1	Same Crops
11. Pumpkins (Mongu)	Local variety, Giant elephant	Same crops

#### 2.6.2 PASTURES

• Mbwea, Kilili, Mbeetwa, Sudan grass, Sorghum fodder, Napier grass.General Analysis of Hazards/Risks and Opportunities (agriculture)

#### 2.6.3 Interventions

Hazards /risks	Opportunities	Proposed actions
• Severe flash floods	<ul> <li>Maximizing yields and income</li> </ul>	• Establish new and Repair
Soil erosion	through planting recommended	existing soil and water
<ul> <li>Isolated incidences of water logging</li> </ul>	varieties	conservation structures and
• Outbreak of crop pests and diseases	<ul> <li>Increased area under crop and</li> </ul>	farm facility structures
• Leaching of nutrients	farm forest cover	<ul> <li>Staggered planting</li> </ul>
• Destruction of farm structures	<ul> <li>Water harvesting for crop</li> </ul>	• Timely procurement of inputs
• Low land productivity due to excess moisture	production and household use	Embrace Integrated Pest
• Low crop yields due to excess moisture	• Availing of certified farm inputs	Management and Integrated
• Loss of inputs and poor crop establishment	by agro-dealers	Crop Management
• Food insecurity due to washing away of crops by	<ul> <li>Insuring of crops against</li> </ul>	• Procurement of crop insurance
raging floods	associated hazards	

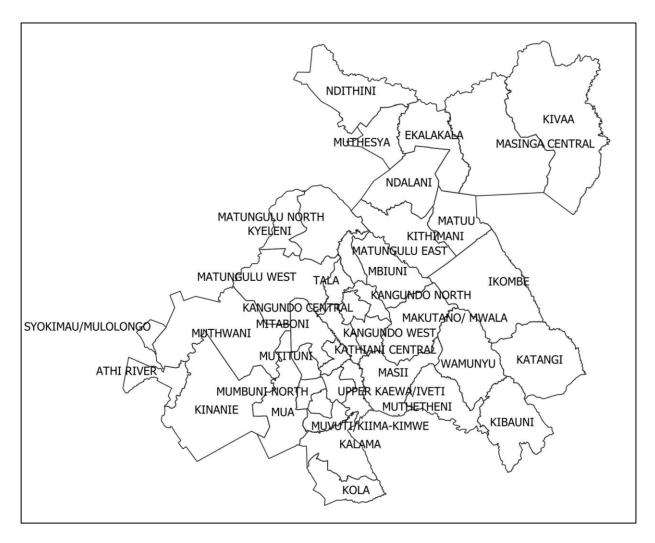
# **3** Specific advisories for Livestock farmers

	<b>Recommended Actions</b>	Hazard/Risks	Opportunities	RESPONSIBLE
<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>●</li> </ul>	Pastures/fodder to be established Panicum maximum (Mbwea) Chloris Roxburghiana (Kilili)	<ul> <li>Livestock diseases, Parasites infestation, Poor pasture and fodder establishment</li> <li>Inadequate pasture and fodder</li> <li>Reduced milk production</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feed Conservation</li> <li>Breed improvement-for adaptable breeds</li> <li>Value addition</li> <li>Water harvesting and storage</li> </ul>	Farmers WLPO Community Extension Volunteers,
• • • •	Bracharia species Pennisetum species Cencrusciliaris Sorghum Fodder Sudan grass	<ul> <li>Low birth rates</li> <li>Poor body condition</li> <li>Low prices of animals</li> <li>Reduced water availability</li> <li>Reduced household income</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase of small stock number</li> <li>Breed improvement-for adaptable breeds</li> <li>Value addition</li> </ul>	Inputs suppliers
•	Eragrostis Superba (Mbeetwa)		<ul> <li>Water harvesting and storage</li> <li>Increase of small stock number</li> <li>Feed Conservation</li> </ul>	Service providers
✓ • • • •	Bush management for pastur De-worming Tick control Vaccinate the animals again Proper housing for livestock	nd establishment of new water harv re improvement st weather related diseases	vesting structures	
•	Rehabilitation of fish ponds Restocking of fish ponds. De-silting of water structure			

# 4 Advisories for Other Livelihood Sectors

SECTOR	Impact	Hazards/	Opportunity	Intervention/Actions	Responsible
		Risk			
Water	Plenty of	Raging rain	Water harvesting	Develop Water	Dept. of water and
resources	water that	water -Flash	& conservation	harvesting structures e.g.	development
	should be	flood		dams ,ponds ,water tanks	partners
	harvested				
Disaster	El Nino	Likelihood of	Leverage on	Emergency /contingency	National Drought
managemen	related	El Nino	salvaged produce	plans	Management
t	disasters	phenomenon			Authority,
		to persist			NGOs,Government
					s,Faith Based
					Organization

SECTOR	Impact	Hazards/ Risk	Opportunity	Intervention/Actions	Responsible
Wildlife /forestry	Encroachme nt of wildlife like snakes into homesteads.	Increase in snake bites Loss of wildlife	Conservation and strict protection of the current biodiversity	Human /wildlife conflict minimization through budgetary allocation for compensation ,electric fencing ,surveillance and enforcement,Afforestatio n programs	KWS Nationational& County Government KFS Farmers
Trade, industry and finance	Commodity price decrease Increased per capita incomes	Flooded roads Impassible roads	Prudent utilization of current food reserves, Importation of essential food commodities	Subsidized trader Reduced credit interests	Dept of Trade, Business Community, Nationational& County Government
Energy	Energy infrastructure network collapse	Electrocution , Temporary blackouts	Maintenance of KPLC infrastructures, Income from maintenance works by locals	Allocate emergency funds Creation of an emergency kitty	Kenya Power
	Power outages Decreased cost of energy	Short- circuiting Increased electric energy generation	Energy saving Increased use of electric energy	Alternative supply e.g. solar, generators Increased generation of electric energy	Kenya Power
Transport /communic ation	Poor transport & communicati on networks	Flash floods	Road for water harvesting	Diversion channels Emergency funds /personnel, de-clogging of culverts	Dept of Transport, NTSA, National Government, County Government
Health	Increased Food security	Increased nutrition, Decreased food deficient related ailments	Adequate food for consumption Adequate food for value addition Opportunity for food conservation	Emergency /mobile clinic, Increase Health personnel, Enhanced public health activities, Prepositioning of drugs in health facilities	Dept. Of Health, Private Hospitals, Stakeholders
Education	Disruptions of education due to flooded and impassable roads.	Poor school infrastructure due to flooding menace	Initiation of School feeding Program due to availability of various foods.	Early warning and preparedness	Dept of Education, NGOs, Faith Based Organizations, Parents



### 6 How to get Weather Updates

You can get weekly weather updates from the Counties folder in the KMD Website <u>https://meteo.go.ke/node/4942</u> and via SMS messages every Monday evening or early Tuesday morning.

For More information Contact, the Nearest Agriculture Office: Ward, Sub County & County-Machakos.

Machakos Meteorological Office . Contact: 0721384681